The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY MAY 21, 1900 XXXIX—NO 9

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Title Quieted in a Perry Township Case.

THE PETIT JURY CALLED.

Criminal Court to Convene on May 28—Another Prisoner Pleads Guilty and is Sentenced—Secretary Hoover Platting the Infirmary Grounds.

CANTON, May 17.—The case of Cyrus Miller and others against the heirs of Thomas and Charity Rotch and others was heard before Judge McCarty, in court room No. 1 on Wednesday afternoon. Suit was begun by the plaintiffs to quiet title to the northeast quarter of section 10, range 9, of Perry township. The certificate for the title was originally taken from the government by Thomas Rotch in the name of an Englishman named Immel. The latter on making all payments was to receive a patent for the land. Immel failed, and the contract was sold for taxes. A number of families settling in this section of the country, more than fifty years ago, squatted on the tract, buying up the tax titles and continuing to pay the taxes. At the same time the government, to avoid complications, had given the patent to the quarter to Thomas Rotch, his heirs, and to all under them. A year ago the plaintiffs were recognized by the government as the owners of the land. Judge McCarty rendered a decree quieting the title in favor of the plaintiffs. The Rotch heirs had never claimed ownership on the land, but suit was brought simply to place affairs on a correct footing.

The commissioners, accompanied by County Surveyor Hoover and Architect Guy Tilden, visited the county infirmary, which is soon to be rebuilt, this morning. Mr. Hoover surveyed the grounds into plats, a new building to be erected on each of the latter. This was done to faciliate the work of Mr. Tilden who was yesterday hired by the county commissioners to draw up the designs for all the cottages that are to be built. Commissioner J. B Summer stated this morning that the one consideration that actuated the commissioners in the affair was the provision of maximum accommodation for patients at a minimum amount of expense.

CANTON, May 18 —Homer Stantz, the Navarre youth who was arrested by Policeman Getz, of Massillon, for the theft of a bicycle from the store of Bernard & Hall, in Navarre, several weeks ago, and who was indicted by the grand jury for burglary and larceny, appeared before Judge McCarty at 3:30 o'clock, on Thursday afternoon and pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny. The court, out of consideration for the young man's relatives who are of respectable standing, did not make use of the workhouse sentence, simply fining the young man $50 and the costs, which was paid immediately by Stantz's father, who was present. The burglary count was nollied at the instance of Prosecutor Day, or a penitentiary sentence would have been inevitable. Stantz pleaded not guilty to the original charge, in the earlier part of the week, and had been enjoying his freedom under a bond of $500.

Harry Frost, alias Francis, of Massillon, and Daniel Bilby, of Limaville, who were each sentenced to the penitentiary for a year by Judge McCarty, having pleaded guilty to charges of forgery and burglary, respectively, were taken to the penitentiary this morning by Sheriff Zaiser and Deputy Sheriff Schaffert.

The date for the holding of criminal court has been changed from the week of May 28 to the week beginning June 24.

The final account has been filed in the estate of John Corkes, of Lawrence township.

Citation to take or renounce administration has been issued in the estate of Jacob Braucher, of Jackson township.

The sale of land has been approved and deed ordered in the estate of Catherine Bauman, of Lawrence township.

The final account has been filed and the resignation of the guardian has been accepted in the guardianship of Emmet Hollinger, of Lawrence township.

Inventory, appraisement and sale bill have been filed in the estate of Joseph Smith, of Massillon.

The first account of the trustee has been filed in the estate of Gabriel Putman, of Sugarcreek township.

The final account has been filed in the guardianship of John E. Ricksecker, of Sugarcreek township.

The sale of real estate at two-thirds of the appraisement has been ordered in the estate of P. G. Albright, of Massillon.

The year's allowance to the widow has been fixed at $150 in the estate of Emil Sondregger, of Tuscarawas township.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

E. L. Arnold to Maggie B. Wenger, part lot 2634, first ward, Massillon, $1,300.

O. C. Volkmor to Anthony Heiman, lot 1941, Massillon.

Eliza Smith, by heirs, to Mary S. Silk, 1 and 14-100 acres, Perry township.

John and Thomas Temple to Dominick Chello, ¼ acre, Sugarcreek township, $125.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

HOUSE TOTALLY DESTROYED.

The G. W. Mathie Residence Burned to the Ground Thursday.

CANAL FULTON, May 18.—The handsome modern residence of G. W. Mathie, located two miles south of Canal Fulton, was totally destroyed by fire on Thursday afternoon. The fire was first discovered by Mrs. Mathie, who is a sister of Howard Lucas, of Massillon, at about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, in a summer kitchen in the rear of the house, having evidently originated in some manner from a stove. When discovered the entire summer kitchen was ablaze, and the flames were already communicating to the house. Mrs. Mathie was sitting on the front porch when the fire started. Although neighbors worked heroically, it was found impossible to save anything except a portion of the furniture. The house contained nine rooms, and the total loss, including that to furniture, will amount to about $3,500, insured for about half that amount.

DISTEMPER AMONG HORSES.

Disease Taking Serious Turn and Causing Many Deaths.

Distemper is prevalent among the horses of the city and vicinity. In some cases the ailment has developed into lung fever and several deaths have resulted. Veterinary Surgeon Groff says that distemper is due to the change in the season. "Most horses," said he, have grown heavy coats during the winter. When the warm weather comes any kind of work naturally causes much perspiring, and the animal goes to his stall at night wet. The draughts to which it is exposed in the barn cause distemper. Distemper in the horse is very similar to the cold in the human."

Citizens who use a great many horses are doing all in their power to prevent the disease from becoming general. At this time last year there were more sick than well horses in Massillon, and it proved an expensive situation.

MADE SOME DONATIONS.

Trades and Labor Assembly Gives Away $30.

The attendance at the Thursday evening meeting of the Trades and Labor Assembly was rather small, owing to the excessive heat. Peter Smith presided.

The Chicago Trades' Building Council sent a letter of thanks and a receipt for the $25 recently donated it by the assembly.

The appeal of the striking cigarmakers of New York was responded to by voting $5 to the organization.

A motion was made to contribute $25 to the fund being raised for the relief of West Brookfield fire sufferers, and it was adopted without a dissenting vote.

All the delegates reported their unions to be in good condition.

GLEITSMAN-CURLEY.

Two Well-known Young People Married This Afternoon.

Elmer Gleitsman and Miss Mary Alice Curley, two well-known young Massillon people, were quietly married at St. Paul's parsonage by the Rev. L. H. Burry at 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. The couple was attended by Harry Curley, a brother of the bride, and Miss Ella Gleitsman, a sister of the groom. Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Gleitsman left for Cleveland, at which place, and Grafton, they will spend their honeymoon. They will be at home after Monday at No. 128 South Erie street.

IMPROVING THE ROADS.

Trustee Elsass Says $3,000 Will Be Spent for that Purpose.

Township Trustee M. Elsass states that Perry township will spend $3,000 in improving its roads this summer. The fund is considerably larger this year than last. Perry and Tuscarawas are jointly attacking Pigeon Run hill, southwest of the city, half of which lies in each township. This has always been one of the worst features of that much traveled road, being steep and sandy and having a sharp curve half way from the foot.

PRACTICALLY DESTROYED.

Fire at Philip Bender's Residence at 322 Hunt Road.

A farmer passing the residence of Philip Bender, at 322 Hunt road at 2:15 o'clock Thursday afternoon noticed that the roof was afire. He notified those within, and alarm was immediately sent to the central from the pumping station near by. The house was practically destroyed. It was in a blaze when the firemen arrrived. The efforts of the latter saved adjacent property. The damage is $500, covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown. Most of the household goods were saved.

FOUND DEAD IN A FIELD.

John Flory, of Mt. Eaton, Succumbs to Heart Disease and the Heat.

MT. EATON, May 18.—John Flory, a farmer living a short distance south of town, was found dead Thursday forenoon in a corn field, where he had been working. Heart disease, aggravated by the extreme heat, is supposed to have been the cause. The funeral will be held in this village at 10 o'clock Saturday morning.

J. C. Kennedy, Roanoke, Tenn., says, "I cannot say too much for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. One box of it cured what the doctors called an incurable ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and all skin diseases. Look out for worthless imitations. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

Now is the time to subscribe.

IT WAS VERY HIGH.

Asylum's May Mortality Extraordinary.

A TOTAL OF EIGHT DEATHS.

Arrangements Have Been Completed for the Memorial Service—Commencement Exercises on June 19—Resigned Employes and Their Successors.

There are at present 636 patients in the state hospital, 335 of whom are men. The number of patients visiting at their homes is 57. During the month ending May 15, 26 persons were admitted as patients, 13 being men. With eight as the total number of deaths, the month was the most remarkable in the history of the institution, the mortality, at that rate, being almost as high as that of this entire city.

The programme for the Memorial service to be held at the institution on May 27. has been completed. The Rev. John I. Wilson will open and close the meeting with prayer. E. A. Jones will deliver an address. There will be music by the band, orchestra and a quartette composed of Harry Conrad, Harold Howald, David Vaughn and J. J. Reider. The members of Hart post, G. A. R., will attend the services in a body. There are forty-five veterans of the civil war among the patients of the hospital.

The ice making plant of the institution, of which Louis Corey, of this city, has charge, is being taxed to its utmost this weather. From 1,000 to 1,500 pounds of ice are consumed daily.

It has been decided to hold the commencement exercises of the senior class of attendants on June 19. It is expected that a large number of people from out of town will be present on this occasion. Among them will be the trustees and their families.

Miss Kittie Evans, of this city, who was taken ill while employed as a waitress in the dining room of the officers' building, will be removed to Grace hospital, in Detroit, for treatment, next Tuesday. Miss Evans recently suffered a backset, since which her condition has been most serious.

Joseph Moore has resigned his position on the staff of Landscape Engineer Haerlin. Chris. Snyder, the painter, who has gone to Akron to work, has been succeeded by Clarence Long, formerly an inside attendant. J. J. Reider, of Koch, has been engaged as night attendant in ward No. 4, of the hospital.

The employes of the institution were paid on Friday. Many of the attaches will spend the half holiday on Saturday shopping in this city.

Horace Clark, the distinguished editor of The Maniac, and the inventor of 199 useful things, has been returned to his home on trial. People who know Clark say there is little wrong with him outside of his having a hobby or two, and the way he rides them, they insist, is no more indicative of derangement more serious than that of many of the brethren not in institutions.

THE CONTRACT AWARDED.

R. H. Evans & Company will Build the New Bee Hive.

The contract for the erection of Allman & Putman's new building was Friday evening let to R. H. Evans & Company, of Zanesville, whose local office is in the Segner block. The structure is to be 120x57½ feet and four stories high. The front will be of terra cotta and plate glass.

As some changes are to be made in the plans for the new Altekruse building, the contract for its construction has not been awarded. C. M. Whitman, the clothier, has leased the entire structure, from garret to cellar, and the alterations are to be made at his dictation. The Altekruse building, like the Pille, is to be three stories high.

VICTORY FOR THE "WETS."

Lawrence Township Votes Back the Saloon.

NORTH LAWRENCE, May 19.—In this precinct the vote at the local option election on Friday was: Wet, 181; dry, 68. In Fulton precinct the wets were also victorious. Newman precinct has not yet been heard from, but the wets claim that if that district went dry unanimously it could not change the result. As soon as it is known positively that the wets have won, several saloons will be opened in the township, all now being in readiness to accommodate the trade.

The Most Stubborn Coughs

resulting from an attack of la grippe or heavy cold must yield to the wonderful healing properties of Foley's Honey and Tar, which strengthens the lungs and makes them sound. Nothing else as good. Rider & Snyder.

"After suffering from piles for fifteen years I was cured by using two boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve," writes W. J. Baxter, North Brook, N. C. It heals everything. Beware of counterfeits. Rider & Snyder; C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont.

FISH AND GAME LAWS.

Sportsmen Will Now Know What They May and May Not Do.

Game Warden Dangeleisen has received from Chief Rentinger a complete copy of the game laws of the state, which were left in such a tangled state by the last legislature. The statute in which the word "or" is making so much trouble is not included. Following are the laws which apply to this section of the state:

No person shall, at any time, kill or injure, or pursue with such intent, any sparrow, nuthatch, warbler, flicker, viroe, wren, robin, catbird, tanager, bobolink, bluejay, oriole, grosbeck or redbird, creeper, redstart, waxwing, woodpecker, humming bird, bunting, starling, redwing, purple martin, brown thrasher, American goldfinch, chewink or ground robin, pewee or phoebe bird, chickadee, fly catcher, gnat catcher, mouse hawk, whippoorwill snowbird, titmouse or eagle. No person shall, at any time, destroy the eggs or nest of any of the birds named in this section. Nothing in this act shall prohibit the killing of the house or English sparrow at any time by anybody, or prohibit the killing of the American robin and bluejay by the owner or tenant of any premises where such birds are found destroying berries or fruit growing on such premises.

The following game may be killed between the 10th day of November and 1st day of December inclusive: Quail, dove, woodcock, squirrel, rabbit, ruffed grouse or native pheasant or prairie chicken, rail, snipe, kildeer, plover, coot or mudhen or wild duck.

The following game may be killed between the 10th day of March and the 10th day of April, inclusive: Coot or mud-hen and wild duck.

Squirrels and rabbits may be killed at any time by the owner or tenant of any premises where such animals may be found injuring grain, fruit trees, shrubbery or vegetables.

It is unlawful to have in possession any quail or wild turkey except between the 10th day of November and the 15th day of December, inclusive; or

Any dove, woodcock or squirrel except between the 4th day of July and 15th day of December, inclusive; or

Any ruffed grouse, native pheasant or prairie chicken except between the 1st day of September and the 15th day of December, inclusive; or

Any snipe, rail, kildeer or plover except between the 1st day of September and the 15th day of May; or

Any coot or mud-hen or wild duck except between the 1st day of September and the 15th day of April, inclusive; or

Any Mongolian, English or ring necked pheasant before the 10th day of November, 1903.

It is unlawful to sell in the markets of this state or ship out of this state at any time any quail, wild turkey, ruffed grouse or native pheasant or prairie chicken, woodcock, squirrel, Mongolian, English or ring neck pheasant when killed within this state.

It is unlawful to kill wild duck on Sunday or Monday of any week or before 5 o'clock in the forenoon or after 6 o'clock in the afternoon of any day upon which it shall be lawful to kill same.

It is unlawful to hunt on any lands, pond, lake or other private waters, without having first received written permission from the owner, his agent or tenant or the person having control of same.

It is unlawful to fish in any of the inland streams, lakes or reservoirs of this state except with hook and line with bait or lure, with the following exceptions: In Grand or Mercer county reservoir, fyke or set nets without leads or wings with hoop or mouth of not over five feet in its greatest width and not to exceed ten feet in length, may be operated between the 1st day of September and the 1st day of May inclusive; and carp and suckers can be gigged and speared or taken with grab hook at any time from any of the waters of the state.

It is unlawful to use a seine more than six feet in length for the purpose of catching minnows for bait.

Skunk not protected.

Penalties for violation of the above laws range from $10 to $100 fine and imprisonment.

SPORT FOR THE ANGLERS.

Bass and Blue Gills Plentiful in Roundabout Lakes.

Massillon anglers are doing well at Luna and Turkeyfoot lakes this month. Almost every day fishermen of this city visit one or other of the bodies of water, and few have returned empty-handed. The largest catch was that of J. R. Geis and Marshal Kitchen, who brought home over 100 spreckled bass. Fishing must be done in deep water, as the laws forbids angling within thirty feet of the shore, along which fish are now spawning.

Richville Precinct Valuations.

The following is the assessor's report for Richville precinct, Perry township, as filed with Auditor Reed:

Horses, 268, valuation, $9,385; cattle, 612, valuation, $9,870; mules, 1, valuation, $20; sheep, 372, valuation, $1,266; hogs, 620, valuation, $1,809; carriages, 26, valuation, $630; personal property, $18,158; watches, 33, valuation, $255; pianos and organs, 29, valuation, $1,035; average value of property appertaining to merchandise, $120; raw material and manufactured articles as listed by manufacturers, $1,195; value of moneys subject to draft, $24,975; value of credits after deducting bona fide debts, $12,405; total value of all taxable personal property, $81,123.

Champion Flour makes good bread.

M. D. RATCHFORD.

Commissioner of Labor Statistics for Ohio.

A SKETCH OF HIS CAREER.

A Miner in the Massillon District for More Than Twenty Years—Unanimously Elected President of the United Mine Workers of America.

Michael D. Ratchford, formerly of the national industrial commission, and present labor commissioner of Ohio, who is the subject of this sketch, was born in Clare, Ireland. He is now in the fortieth year of his age, a miner by occupation; and, as the country well knows, a thorough trades unionist. His career as a miner began at the age of 12 years, when he entered the mines of the Massillon coal field, which occupation he followed for more than twenty consecutive years. His education was gained in the meantime by attending the public schools when the mine was not in operation, and later by attending night school in the village of North Lawrence.

Mr. Ratchford first became connected with the union of his trade, the Miners' and Laborers' Benevolent Association, in 1873, in which he continued membership during the life of the association. In 1878 he joined the order of the Knights of Labor, which really succeeded the former, and which, for many years, was very popular among the miners. However, in 1886, the Miners' National Progressive Union was formed, thus dividing the membership between the orders last named. In 1890 Mr. Ratchford took a very active part at Columbus in the formation of the United Mine Workers of America, which organization was made up of an amalgamation of both the Knights of Labor and the Progressive Union, and which is still in evidence with the greatest membership of any trade organization in the world.

In the same year (1890) Mr. Ratchford was elected president of what was then known as the Massillon (Ohio) District, one of the five districts of which the state was composed. He was re elected in 1891, and declined a third term. In 1892 he was elected to the office of "national organizer." In 1893 he was elected member of the national executive council, which office he afterwards resigned. In 1894 he accepted election as member of the Ohio state executive board. In 1895 he was elected president of the Ohio division and re-elected unanimously in 1896. In 1897 he was elected president of the national union, and although its membership was then small and its treasury was bankrupt, he inaugurated and conducted the great coal strike of that year, which was unquestionably the greatest and the most successful that the country has ever seen, and certainly the only one of a national character in which the miners had ever gained any national advantage.

In 1898 his re-election was unanimous, which was the first time in the history of the United Mine Workers that such honor was shown to any officer.

Early in this year he called a joint meeting of the coal operators and miners in Chicago, Ill., and, after a session of eleven days, established the eight-hour work day with twenty per cent advance in wages, and uniform conditions of labor in all of the states covered by the union, affecting in all more that 100,000 men. In September of the same year, Mr. Ratchford was appointed by President McKinley as member of the industrial commission, in which office he served until the second week in May, 1900, and where he became well known as the friend of the common people.

In January, 1899, under Mr. Ratchford's call, the annual convention of the union assembled in Pittsburg, Pa. Here his official relations with the miners, marked as they were with the greatest success ever known to the trade, was brought to a close. Fitting eulogies were delivered by members of the convention, who frequently expressed the greatest regret in parting with "the father of the eight-hour workday," as he was properly styled.

The appreciation of the membership of his services was shown him by the presentation of a handsome and costly medal and a valuable watch and chain; also engrossed memorials by the convention which make him an honorary member of the United Mine Workers of America for life.

It might also be stated that the joint movement inaugurated by Mr. Ratchford in Chicago is still in vogue, and is a great feature of his success. Under its operations scales of wages, and agreements as to other conditions of labor, are made annually in a mutual way by the parties in interest. Through the influence of this movement each side is bound to treat the other with fairness, and strikes and other disturbances are thus avoided.

Mr. Ratchford was appointed by Governor Nash, April 15 last, to the office of Commissioner of Labor Statistics for Ohio.

"After suffering from severe dyspepsia over twelve years and using many remedies without permanent good I finally took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It did me so much good I recommend it to everyone." writes J. E. Watkins, Clerk and Recorder, Chillicothe, Mo. It digests what you eat. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

A Statue of General Grant Unveiled Today.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—[By Associated Press]—The statue of General Grant, provided by seventy thousand members of the Grand Army of the Republic, was unveiled in the rotunda of the capitol today, privately, before a few persons, including Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Sartoris. Miss Sartoris unveiled the statue. Formal ceremonies were held in the hall of the House of Representatives, before a large assemblage. Addresses were made by a number of persons, including Grosvenor, of Ohio; Dalliner, of Iowa; Richardson, of Tennessee; Berry, of Kentucky, and Brosius, of Pennsylvania.

Senator Teller introduced an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill, appropriating $200,000 to refund the money supposed to have been embezzled in Cuba.

NOT CONFIRMED.

British War Office Has No News of Relief of Mafeking.

LONDON, May 19.—[By Associated Press]—About 9 o'clock yesterday evening a Reuter dispatch from Pretoria was received, announcing that the siege of Mafeking had been abandoned, and that troops and supplies were being rushed into the place from the south. Within an hour the streets were filled with thousands of people many, of whom remained out all night. The demonstration far exceeded that in celebration of the relief of Ladysmith, and a noticeable feature was the hundreds of United States flags mingled with the Union Jacks.

At the war office not a word had been received to confirm the report, up to a late hour this morning.

MAGINNIS APPOINTED.

The Governor of Montana Opposed to Clark.

HELENA, Mont., May 19.—[By Associated Press]—Martin Maginnis, appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Senator Clark, will leave tonight for Washington to present his credentials.

In a dispatch sent to Clark, Governor Smith says: "I have this day disregarded and revoked your appointment as United States senator, made by Governor Spriggs on the 15th inst., as being tainted with collusion and fraud, and have this day appointed the Hon. Martin Maginnis United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by your resignation."

MAFEKING RELIEVED.

Boers Abandoned the Siege Last Tuesday.

LORENZO MARQUEZ, May 19.—[By Associated Press]—News has been received here, from a reliable source, that Mafeking has been relieved, British relief forces entering the place on Wednesday. The garrison subjected the Boer laagers and forts in the vicinity of Mafeking to a terrific bombardment on Tuesday, shortly after which the Boers began to break camp and retreat to the northward.

SKILES NOMINATED.

Two Thousand, One Hundred and One Ballots Taken.

NORWALK, May 19.—[By Associated Press]—The Republicans of the Fourteenth congressional district, at 1:30 this morning nominated Wood W. Skiles, of Shelby, Richland county, 2,101 ballots having been taken. The last ballot stood as follows: Skiles 123, Johnson 111. The Kerr delegates broke the deadlock.

PLAGUE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Six Deaths Within the Past Three Months.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.—[By Associated Press]—The board of health declares that bubonic plague exists in San Francisco. There are no cases now, but six deaths have occurred in the past three months, which warrants precautions against further developments.

LINCOLN CLUB ASSIGNS.

CINCINNATI, May 19.—[By Associated Press]—The Lincoln club, one of the oldest Republican organizations in the city, assigned today, the direct cause being inability to pay a quarter's rent for their hall, which was due on the 1st inst. The assets are given at $10,000, the liabilities reaching $12,000.

Does Coffee Agree With You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c and 25c.

To Heal a Hurt

Use Banner Salve, the great healer. It's guaranteed for cuts, wounds, sores, piles and all skin diseases. Rider & Snyder.

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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bamberlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON, NO. 256

MONDAY, MAY 21, 1900.

Internal revenue collections in 1895 and 1896 cost 2.52 per cent of the money collected. In 1899 only 1.50 per cent of these revenues was chargeable to collection expenses. A Republican administration is always careful of the people's money.

Within the past few weeks the wages of 35,000 employes in the iron and steel industry have been further advanced while the wages for puddlers have reached the highest point known in twenty years. These are among other facts which will throw the balance of the workingmen's vote in the Republican column next November.

The San Francisco Chronicle regrets that Colonel Bryan was able to tarry only half an hour in that city during his recent visit to the Pacific coast, as he could have gathered there, better than anywhere else in America, damning evidence of the bloated condition of our trade with Asia, and the entangling alliances which are rapidly knitting business interests with foreign countries—all attributable to the policy of expansion.

The interesting fact has been discovered that the speech which was made by the Hon. Patrick H. Rahilly, of Minnesota, recommending the Hon. Ignatius Donnelly for president previous to his nomination for vice president by the Populists at Cincinnati, was the same, except for a few necessary changes in the way of names of men and places, as that used by the Hon. Daniel Daugherty twelve years ago to recommend the nomination of Grover Cleveland at St. Louis. Now is the time for Mr. Donnelly to apply his cipher to the noble periods descriptive of his powers as a statesman and prove them to have been the product of the man who used them last.

Clark must have failed to put any of the wealth he lavished on his political ambitions into the pockets of 75 per cent. of the citizens of Montana.

The Cleveland Leader thus accounts for the fact that only 25 per cent. of the people of Montana desire to be represented in the Senate by the notorious mining king. The inference that every voter is susceptible to corruption is unjustifiable and unwarranted. It is true, as the Leader says, that when a very rich man spends a fortune in buying a big office he is pretty sure to disgust everyone not personally interested in the spending of his money, but it is also true that there are plenty of poor men too honest to sacrifice honor to financial gain.

It is interesting to speculate upon what questions the Democrats would have made their campaign if the Spanish war had not brought forward the hue and cry against the alleged imperialist policy of the Republican party. Free silver and free trade are back numbers; a satisfactory settlement of the trust problem is as earnestly desired by the Republicans as by the Democrats; the domestic policy of the present administration has proved itself necessary to public welfare and the people are happy and prosperous. The Democratic, Populist and Silverite senators who two years ago were determined to force the country into a war with Spain and who have since done everything in their power to hamper the administration in its dealings with the responsibilities which are the direct result of that war, little knew that they were laying the foundation for the only prominent issue of the campaign of 1900.

THE OUTLOOK FOR WOOL.

The London wool market having declined 10 per cent during the winter, another decline of 10 per cent last week has worked great demoralization in the Eastern wool trade. Orders to manufacturers have been cancelled. Manufacturers must have cheaper wool or stop buying and dealers to effect sales must have lower prices. The opinion has been expressed that prices should be about the same as those of last season. Although the turn of prices is naturally a disappointment to the trade it casts no reflection upon the protective tariff, for were it not for the protection afforded by this policy it is a well known fact that wool would not bring half what it is bringing now. Through the courtesy of Coates Brothers, wool commission merchants, of Philadelphia, THE INDEPENDENT is enabled to furnish Stark county farmers with the latest official bulletin concerning current prices as follows:

"There has been very little change since our last issue, excepting that there have been very few sales made, and prices are consequently largely nominal. Buyers here are waiting to see whether values will go lower, and operators in the country are now only willing to buy at more reasonable figures than were current earlier. The London auctions opened on the 8th inst. at a decline of ten per cent on superior and ten to fifteen per cent on inferior merinos; the finer crossbreds were ten per cent and strictly coarse lots from five to ten per cent lower. As this decline was rather more than was anticipated, our markets have consequently been more depressed, and manufacturers are claiming that some descriptions of foreign will now be imported, unless domestic values are lower. The outlook, at this period of the season, is in strong contrast to the usually excited endeavor to secure supplies as soon as wool is ready, and it would seem that wool will probably come forward slowly this season."

OUR BIG LOCOMOTIVE EXPORTS.

The acting president of the Railroad Board of Egypt says that he has been criticised in England for ordering locomotives in the United States. He explains that locomotives have been bought in America because the firms here offer engines, built after their own standard designs, at lower prices and in less time than European builders, who tender bids only on designs offered by the Egyptian board. The reason why the foreign orders for our locomotives are constantly growing is explained, by the fact that a number of influential bodies like the Railroad Master Mechanics' Association and others in this country long ago agreed upon certain conditions of manufacture with a view of preserving, as far as practicable, uniformity in the main structural details and a high standard as to quality of materials. These general conditions are accepted by all our locomotive builders as the basis from which they evolve their own standards and types of machines. Our railroad companies, therefore, though they have various needs and ideas as to what they want, seldom submit designs of their own, but very often find that the standards offered by this or that builder fully meet their requirements. If some modification is needed it is easily and quickly made, and thus it happens that locomotives adapted for all the needs of American railroads are rapidly and economically turned out.

English railroad companies, many of which build their own locomotives, would not accept the designs of home manufacturers, who, consequently, have not adopted standards of their own. They expect that an order for locomotives will be accompanied by full plans and specifications of the machines desired. This is what the president of the Railroad Board of Egypt means when he refers to our standard designs that expedite the delivery and lessen the cost of locomotives for the Egyptian railroads. Within the past few months eighty-one American engines have been placed on the Trans-Siberian railroad, twenty on Swedish, ten on French, fifteen on Egyptian lines and thirty on the Midland railroad of England. In 1896 we sold abroad 312 locomotives; in 1897, 348; in 1898, 580, and in the nine months ending in March last more than $4,000,000 worth of locomotives.

The growth of foreign business is said to be particularly gratifying to the locomotive builders of the United States, inasmuch as the twelve great plants now in operation, with a capacity of 3,000 engines a year, can turn out a greater output than our railroads require, as the average life of a machine is about twenty years and the average annual demand on our railroads is not much over 1,800 engines.

SPEAK OUT.

The Search-Light of Publicity is Pleasing Massillon People.

Publicity is what the people want.
Let the public speak on the subject.
There has been too much claim, too little proof.
Claims made by strangers are not proof.
Claims endorsed by strangers are not proof.
There is only one kind of proof for a Massillon citizen.
The experience of people we know.
When friends and neighbors endorse.
Make public statement of their case.
There can be no question about such evidence.
This is the proof we have.
Which backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills.
No other kidney pills, no other kidney remedy.
Can produce such proof.
Here is one case of the many we have:

Mrs. James Kerstetter, 83 North St., wife of Salesman Kerstetter of Graze & Sonnhalter, the grocers, says; "I suffered with kidney trouble for two years. It would not have been so bad had I been able to rest comfortably at night, but I could not lie on my back at all. My husband got Doan's Kidney Pills for me at Baltzly's drug store on Erie St., requesting me to try them as I had used so much medicine and never received any benefit from it. The first box made quite an improvement. I followed it up with two more and I grew better gradually but sure. Doan's Kidney Pills did me more good than anything I took, I can honestly recommend a trial of them to any one. They can do no harm and I am sure they will do good for I have reasons for thinking so."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Get your tickets reserved at Bahney's Monday morning at 8 o'clock for "Those Good Old Tymes."

HERO BADEN-POWELL.

His Efforts at Mafeking at Last Rewarded.

BOERS ADMIT RELIEF OF TOWN.

Say the Burghers Retired, After Bombardment of Their Laagers by a Relief Force—People of London Went Wild With Enthusiasm.

PRETORIA, May 19.—It was officially announced that when the laagers and forts around Mafeking had been severely bombarded the siege was abondoned, a British force from the south taking possession of the place.

President Steyn left here for the Free State. Addressing a crowd on the platform, he urged them to be of good cheer.

James Milne, the correspondent of the Renter Telegram company, who has been a prisoner here, was liberated and escorted to the border.

LONDON, May 19.—London's millions spent half the night in the street, and even at 4 this morning troops of young men were promenading, singing and cheering and there were crowds in front of the Mansion House, Marlborough House, the clubs on Pall Mall and the war office and Parliament square waving flags and joining in the national airs over the relief of Mafeking. News came from some of the British possessions telling of similar celebrations. The war office had no confirmation of the news.

Lord Methuen entered Hoopstad Thursday. He was about 70 miles from Kroonstad and about 50 from Bothaville.

General Buller entered New Castle Thursday evening. Lord Roberts is not idle. While waiting for stores at Kroonstad he is using his mounted men to search a wide tract of country. Colonel Broadwood occupied Lindley Thursday, and the same day General Hutton captured one of the Bothas about 30 miles from Kronstad. General Rundle, on Thursday, encamped at Clocolan.

A Lourenzo Marques correspondent, telegraphing Friday, sayid:

"New peace proposals will probably be put forward by the Boer governments. The recent reverses are causing despondency. There was a prolonged meeting of the Transvaal executive at Pretoria Thursday, and the destruction of the mines was again considered. It is understood that the government does not intend to destroy the mines.

According to other advices from the same point, President Kruger and the other high officials purposed leaving almost immediately for Lydenburg. The British prisoners will be conveyed there, and the foreign consuls at Pretoria were leaving for Lydenburg.

In Kroonstad it was said that President Kruger would surrender when Lord Roberts crosses the Transvaal frontier.

BOERS IN WASHINGTON.

Escorted From New York by Committees—A Meeting to Occur on Sunday Night.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Messrs. Fischer, Wolmarans and Wessels, the Boer commissioners, arrived in Washington, accompanied by the congressional and citizens' committee which escorted them from New York. They were given an enthusiastic reception. They were met at the station by members of the reception committee, which includes some members of congress, and escorted in carriages to the Arlington hotel.

Congressman Sulzer, the chairman of the reception committee, introduced the envoys at the hotel, and then briefly made an address, welcoming the visitors to the capital. Fischer responded.

Later, Congressman Sulzer announced that the meeting on Sunday evening at the Grand Opera house, in honor of the commissioners, was to be a reception, and not "a demonstration." A number of public men are to make addresses, including Senators Wellington, Allen and Teller; Representatives Sulzer, De Armond and Rhea.

REBELS CIRCULATE A PROCLAMATION.

Americans Killed 209 Rebels at Catarma. Filipino Losses Heavy In Other Battles.

MANILA, May 19.—A proclamation, purporting to have been issued by Aguinaldo, and dated May 4, from Polillo island, one of the Philippino group, east of Luzon, was circulated in Manila. It said the commission appointed by President McKinley was appointed without the authorization of congress, and that hence it could not treat officially. It urged the Filippinos not to surrender their arms at the instigation of the commission and on promises which congress might not ratify, and also urged the Filippinos to enthusiastically welcome the commission when it arrived in the towns and provinces, asking boldly for the form of government they most desired, as the Americans permitted freedom of speech.

The proclamation closed with asking the Filipinos to still strive for liberty and independence, and again warned the commission against deception.

In the Catarma fight, island of Samar, May 1, about 700 of the enemy attacked the men of the Forty-third infantry. The Americans killed 209 of the rebels by actual count. Only three of the Americans were wounded.

Major John G. Gilmore and 100 men of the Forty-third regiment were ambushed May 6 near Pambugan, Samar. Seventy-five of the enemy were killed and there were no American casualties.

The transport Lennox returned here after landing four troops of the Eleventh cavalry to reinforce Colonel J. Franklin Bell. Two troops, Major Hugh T. Sime commanding, were landed at Legaspi and proceeded across the country to strengthen the garrison at Liagao. They found numerous entrenchments manned by insurgents between the towns, and were about two days on their way, skirmishing dismounted almost constantly. Their only loss was three horses. The officers reported that they killed 40 insurgents, but the natives declared 90 were killed.

RAILWAY TO THE HERMITAGE

General Jackson's Tomb to Be Connected With Outside by Steam.

The thousands of pilgrims who annually make their way from Nashville to The Hermitage, where Andrew Jackson and his wife sleep, will soon have railroad accommodations for their benefit, says the Chicago Record. The number of visitors to The Hermitage has increased to such proportions that a spur railroad has become a necessity. The livery stables of Nashville derive more revenue from visitors to The Hermitage than from any other source. The Ladies' Hermitage association, which has been striving to secure a spur road for many years past, has at last succeeded in inducing the Tennessee and Pacific railroad to build it.

Despite the fact that thousands of Americans from every part of the nation visit The Hermitage, until a few years ago the historic place had almost gone to rack. It was owned by the state, but was badly mismanaged until some patriotic ladies banded together as the Ladies' Hermitage association to preserve the home and tomb of Andrew Jackson. A curator now has charge of the entire place and spends his time in keeping the buildings and fences repaired and in trimming the weeds and grass that spring up. The curator's wife receives all visitors in the old residence and shows them the relics.

The only person now living who was at The Hermitage with Andrew Jackson during his last years is old Uncle Alfred, who was the body servant of the great Tennesseean. The old cabin where he was born is still his residence, but it has recently been rechinked and daubed. He owns in his cabin many of the Jackson relics. The bed he sleeps on was one of the fine mahogany pieces bought when the house was refurnished after the fire in 1836. He has a large china urn which was bought in New Orleans. It is very quaint, and when asked what it was he replied: "Dat ar's a water cooler. Gin'ral Jackson bought dat in New Orleans. Don't you see de name?" pointing to the name of the maker. "Gin'ral Jackson was de only man I eber seed whut looked like de Almighty hese'f." announces the old slave to those who linger long enough with him to bring out reminiscences. The old man is 96 years old, and his mother was General Jackson's cook. His mind is stored with interesting anecdotes, and he is very vain about the fact that he actually belonged to Andrew Jackson.

The new cuttings of the willows that Andrew Jackson planted over the grave of his wife are religiously tended by Uncle Alfred. The last one of the original trees was blown down a few years ago in a storm, but Uncle Alfred had watched the beginning of their decay and set out new cuttings, which are young and vigorous now.

The tomb has been fenced in by a handsome iron railing, and outside of this railing are the tombs of Andrew Jackson, Jr., and his family. Every year the Ladies' Hermitage association gives a grand ball in one of the great cities of America on Jan. 8, the proceeds of which go to the care of The Hermitage grounds. The relics at The Hermitage are religiously and sacredly cared for in separate rooms. Among them are life size portraits, furniture, personal effects and many things used by General Jackson while president.

STRANGE WORM PEST.

Unclassified Insects Are Destroying Crops In Texas.

The wheat and alfalfa crops in this section are suffering seriously from an invasion of worms of very dark color about the size of a caterpillar, which attack the wheat in the head, eating out all the milky grains and attack the alfalfa in its entirety, consuming the plant, leaves, stalk and all, says a Waco (Tex.) dispatch to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. After a few days the worm undergoes a metamorphosis and becomes a fly, which lays eggs and then disappears. Some of the observers say that the eggs hatch immediately and that a second crop of worms appear. The local entomologists have never seen such insects before.

Several crops of wheat and alfalfa within a radius of ten miles, with Waco as a center, have been destroyed. It is observed that birds of all kinds feed upon the worms voraciously; but, unfortunately, the birds of almost every variety have been thinned out to such an extent that they are ineffectual against the invasion.

The farmers are doing what they call dragging their fields, with good results. A grass rope, 100 feet long, is fastened to the horns of the saddle of two riders, who keep apart at a sufficient distance to give the rope the proper sag, and in that way they ride across the fields, shaking the worms down to the ground, and it is said that they do not crawl up any more. Specimens of the worms have been sent to the state entomologist to be classified.

Knockers Again In Fashion.

One of the latest fads in New York is the substitution of old fashioned knockers for door bells. The older and more battered the knocker the higher the price it commands, and enterprising dealers are already manufacturing antiquities of this kind out of iron and brass, says the Philadelphia Record. A battered brass knocker can be made in a few hours, but it takes longer to turn out rusty iron specimens.

Honors For an Old Soldier.

It is said Emperor William intends to honor the field marshal Count von Blumenthal by elevating him to the rank of prince on July 30, when the old hero will be 90 years old. Field Marshal Blumenthal was the chief of staff of Emperor Frederick III during the wars of 1866 and 1870-1.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

TO PAY CONFEDERATES.

First Time Since the War a Bill to Compensate Rebel Soldiers Passed House.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—For the first time since the rebellion the house passed a measure to pay Confederate soldiers for losses growing out of the civil war. It was a bill introduced by Mr. Cox (Tenn.) to pay the Confederate soldiers who surrendered at Appomattox for the loss of horses and other personal effects taken from them in violation of the terms of Lee's capitulation to Grant, by which officers and men of Lee's army were allowed to retain their baggage, side arms and horses. The bill originally carried $200,000, but the specific sum was stricken out, and the appropriation was made indefinite.

The bill was passed out of its order as a special compliment to Mr. Cox, who, after ten years' service in the house, is to retire at the end of his present term. Many other claims bills were passed.

TO INVESTIGATE PANAMA COMPANY.

Morgan Introduces Resolution In Senate. Pneumatic Tube Service Debated.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Nearly the entire session of the senate was devoted to the pneumatic service item in the postoffice appropriation bill. The debate at times was sharp and almost personal. The appropriation was defended by Senators Chandler, Mason, Carter and Wellington, and opposed by Senators Allison, Hale, Tillman, Lodge and Wolcott. Senator Morgan introduced a resolution to investigate the Panama canal company, and in a speech severely criticised that company.

Senator McCumber made a speech in favor of the retention of the Philippine islands, during which time Senator Tillman took issue with him over an assertion that the people of the south were glad the confederacy was unsuccessful

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the People's Building and Loan Company will be held at the office of the company Tuesday evening, June 5, 1900, for the transaction of regular business and the election of three directors to serve for a term of three years. All pass books should be left for audit not later than May 29. This company is now loaning money at 5.98 per cent on real estate located in Stark and adjoining counties.

Office No. 13 East Main street, Massillon, O. DANIEL HEMPERLY,
JOHN E. JOHNS, President.
Secretary.

Cured a Running Sore.

"I had a bad running sore on my breast for over a year," says Henry H. Richards, of Wilseyville, N. Y., "and tried a great many remedies, but got no relief until I used Banner Salve. After using one-half box I was perfectly cured. I cannot recommend it too highly, and will never be without it in the house." Rider & Snyder.

The easiest and most effective method of purifying the blood and invigorating the system is to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for cleansing the liver and bowels. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

Sound advice to those who have kidney and bladder troubles is to take a safe, sure medicine like Foley's Kidney Cure. It always benefits the kidneys. Rider & Snyder.

Itchness of the skin, horrible plague. Everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. 50 cents.

Science has found that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. This poison should be excreted by the kidneys. No rheumatism with healthy kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure makes them well. Rider & Snyder.

COMING.

Dr. France's chief consulting and examining physician of France Medical Institute, by request will visit the following towns on dates named. Consultation free and invited.

Canton, Hotel Yohe, Friday, May 25
Salem, Greiner-Brainard Hotel, Thur., May 24
Alliance, Hotel Keplinger, Monday, May 21

Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

A SUCCESSFUL SPECIALIST FOR 20 YEARS.

His long experience, remarkable skill and universal success for the past twenty years, entitles him to the full confidence of the afflicted.

THE DOCTOR has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities, Medical and Surgical diseases, Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder. Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases speedily cured by treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope. It costs no more to employ an expect, than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

DR. EDSON FRANCE, SEC'Y,
747 Franklin Ave., **COLUMBUS, OHIO.**

DR. FRANCE, of New York, the well known and successful Specialist in Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Eye and Ear, on account of his large practice in Ohio, has established the **FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE**, where all forms of **Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases will be successfully treated on the most Scientific principles.** He is ably assisted by a full corps of eminent Physicians and Surgeons, each one being a well known specialist in his profession.

INCORPORATED, 1896. CAPITAL, $300,000.00.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. FRANCE, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by a new method. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. **Consultation and Correspondence Free and Strictly Confidential.**

He has attained the most wonderful success in the treatment of **Catarrh, Stomach, Kidney, Bladder, Nervous, Chronic and Special** diseases of men and women. After years of experience, he has perfected the most infallible method of curing Vital Drain in Urine, Nocturnal Losses, Impaired Memory, Weak Back, Melancholy, Want of Energy, Premature Decline of the Manly Powers—those terrible disorders arising from ruinous practices of youth, blighting the most radiant hopes, rendering marriage unhappy, annually sweeping to an untimely grave, thousands of exalted talent and brilliant intellect. **A Perfect Restoration Guaranteed.** Bring sample of urine for microscopical examination. Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S. Book and list of 500 questions, free.

CONSULTATION FREE AND STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

In writing for symptom blanks and advice, address

DR. EDSON FRANCE, Secretary,
No. 747 Franklin Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

NATURAL GAS

The hot weather is again with us and you are needing

A GAS RANGE

We are not giving them away but are naming prices that will interest you. The Ideal and Detroit Jewel carried in stock. Get our prices before buying.

A Full Line of HOT PLATES Always on Hand.

WALTER H. ALLMAN.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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SPIDER'S CHAPS.

By WOLCOTT LE CLEAR BEARD.

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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER V.

IN WHICH SPIDER RETURNS IN TRIUMPH.

I had never seen rain fall as it did then. It seemed to come in streams. It beat through the heavy canvas of my tent, forming a mist on the inside. The continuous crash of the falling water would have drowned the report of a mortar.

It rained and rained and kept on raining. Little brooks formed on the plain, then came together and made larger ones that finally tumbled over the edge of the cliff in a series of cascades. When an hour later the foreman and Spider returned to the camp, there were no signs of a let up. One by one our disheartened cowboys straggled in and repaired to my tent, where the nearest approach to shelter was to be found. None of them seemed particularly surprised when told of the disappearance of our cattle. They had expected it all along, they said.

"I don't never remember seein rain las' so long as this aroun here," said Lee as he tried vainly to light a damp match on the sole of his soaked boot in order to ignite the wet tobacco with which he had filled his pipe. "Them fellers must 'a' seen the storm comin up an then come over a purpose ter stampede the herd. Course we can't do nothin till it lets up, an then we'll have ter do some huntin, I reckon. This rain'll have washed out all the tracks."

"We'll fin' the tracks again without much trouble," replied the foreman. "Ther ain't no doubt but what we got ter do sunthin, though. Question is, what?"

"Looks to me as though we were in something of a scrape," I observed, trying hard not to speak despondently

"None so bad as what it might be,' replied the foreman philosophically "We got ter make a plan, that's all."

We held a disconsolate council with the water drumming over us on the strained canvas so that we had to raise our voices in order to make them heard The plan, when finally decided upon, was a very simple one. That the thieves had made a clean sweep was evident, for none of the men who had come in had found any cattle. They had all been driven away. Now, to cover so much ground in so short a time argued that our enemies had a force much larger than ours—one that we could hardly hope, unaided, to defeat.

Therefore it was decided that as soon as it stopped raining some of the men would scatter over the desert to find, if possible, some trace of the missing cattle, while we would send a messenger to some ranches that lay on the other side of the river some 30 miles below us, with instructions to bring back all the men that could be mustered. Cattlemen are usually ready to help each other in cases of this kind, for no one knows when his own turn to require help may come. In this instance, too, the community of cattle thieves had long been a menace to the men on whom we called. All of them probably had suffered from this or another raid.

The rain ceased as suddenly as it began. The clouds parted and were blown in dark shreds across the sky The pools that lay in shallow depressions of the plain were like beds of coals as the level rays of the setting sun reddened them.

As we had planned, the foreman sent five men in different directions with orders to search for traces of the missing herd, to let us know at once if any were found, and to report by midnight in any case. Delighted at the prospect of action, the men trooped out of my tent. Some of them spread their blankets out to dry. Others offered needless help to the men who were preparing to set out. The rest, Spider among them, lounged about the cook wagon and "joshed" the Ballet Girl, to use their own phrase, because he could not start his fire. For some minutes the foreman stood in the door of my tent rubbing his chin thoughtfully. Then he called to Spider.

"Look — here, you kid," said he. "You heard what we said 'bout sendin down the river ter get more men. Well, I want you ter saddle up a fresh pony an be ready ter start in five minutes. Hear? The boss, here, he'll write a note fer you ter take. Get a wiggle on, now." The laugh that Spider brought with him faded from his face. This was business, and without a word he nodded and strode away.

"I reckon he's about the bes' one ter sen'," continued the foreman, turning to me. "He'll do what he sets out ter do every time. Then it ain't likely ther's any danger down that way, an you can't tell what'll turn up here. It'll keep the kid outer mischief fer awhile."

While the foreman was speaking I had torn a leaf out of an account book and had written the note. Suddenly I became aware that the laughter and talk of the men had hushed. A second later Spider, his face working with rage, dashed into the tent, caught up a rifle and vanished.

"Stop!" roared the foreman, lifting the flap that closed the tent door. Through the opening I could see that Spider had dropped on one knee and was taking careful aim at something that was out of my view.

"What you doin? Come here!" commanded the foreman sternly. Lowering the rifle, Spider rose slowly to his feet, keeping his eyes fixed on the point toward which he had been aiming. Running to the door, I followed his gaze with my eyes.

On a ridge of sand, half a mile away, three men were galloping up and down, waving their hats and firing pistols. They were shouting, too, for the faint echoes of their shouts reached us.

"Look there!" cried Spider. "See them men? Hollis is one of 'em, an that greaser what shot at me las' night. They're givin us the laugh, that's what they're doin, 'cause we los' our cattle an they got 'em. Are you fellers"—

"Come here! Hear me?" commanded the foreman again. "Look here, young man," he continued as Spider came reluctantly forward. "It ain't good business lettin your mad get up so bad you lose yer head, not for no one what works roun horses an cattle. You had orders too. Nobody what won't obey orders works in my gang. Ther wasn't no shootin called for. Besides," he added as an afterthought, "you'd a-knowed if you'd had any sense that you could not hit nothin at that range." Spider glanced at the foreman, and his face fell.

"That's right. I los' my head clean. I know I did. I won't do it again an, say, I'm awful sorry," he said penitently. Carefully lowering the hammer, he placed the rifle, apparently as a sort of token of surrender, in the foreman's hands. Then, without another look at the men who were still capering about on the ridge, he went away to saddle a horse.

"The boy's got the bes' eyes of anybody in the outfit, all right enough," said the foreman, setting down the rifle. "I alwus knowed that, but yet I don't believe he c'n tell who those men are, not so far away as that."

It certainly seemed impossible that Spider could distinguish any one at so great a distance. I ran into the tent to get a pair of fieldglasses, but when I returned the men had disappeared.

"Jus' give one yell an then walloped off behin' the ridge thar as you went in," said the foreman. "They was lef' behin' by the res' er ther gang so's ter watch us, I reckon, an see what we're a-gonter do."

"Well, they won't watch nothin," commented Lee, who had strolled up to us. "They're drunk an they'll get drunker, 'specially if Hollis is there. He's ben sober so long now that he won't stop soon once he gets started."

"Meekness an sobriety an the rest of it ain't his style enough ter hurt," agreed the foreman. "But maybe Hollis wasn't there. Look a here, you kid," he called as Spider rode up on the biggest and, next to his own, the ugliest horse I had brought from the ranch. I forgot ter tell you before that you're likely ter steer up agains' a heap er trouble one er these times if you go shootin at men what you don't know, 'specially when they're so fur off you can't hit 'em. It ain't perlite."

So earnest was Spider that he failed for the moment to see that the foreman was joking.

"I did know 'em—two of 'em—Hollis an that there greaser," he cried. "I saw 'em. 'Deed I did. Honest."

"So?" replied the foreman, with assumed gravity. "Well, if that's the case, jus' you climb down offen that ther horse an go an get yer supper 'fore you start."

"Don't need ter. Got some grub here in my cerones (saddlebags). The Bally Girl give it to me jus' now. Mayn't I go?" The foreman waved his hand and smiled. With an answering grin Spider galloped away.

In view of the distance that must be traveled we hardly expected to see Spider again before daylight Making allowance for delays, we hoped to get away on the following evening. To me the wait of 24 hours seemed a fatal waste of time. The cattle would probably be well into Mexico before that.

"Prawb'ly they will," agreed the foreman. "Then all we got ter do is ter get 'em outer Mexico again, that's all." This was delightfully simple in theory. The practice, I feared, would be somewhat difficult. It was obviously impossible for us to move, as we were then situated. Until our re-enforcement should come we could do nothing but wait.

Much sooner than was expected, however, these re-enforcements came. The men were just finishing their supper. In order to guard against a possible though unlikely attempt at surprise, one of their number, posted in a position from which he could watch both the mesa and the river flat, was acting as sentinel. Suddenly he hailed the camp.

"Ther's a gang er men an horses comin up the river," he cried. In an instant every man was on his feet, had caught up his rifle and was running to the edge of the cliff, sheltering himself behind the rocks that fringed it. Some of the men were ordered to fall back in order to guard us against surprise from the rear. They went, and then for a moment there was silence on the top of the cliff. A buzz of conversation from the men below could be plainly heard.

"Them fellers ain't greasers, anyhow," whispered the foreman.

"How do you know?" I asked.

"Why, greasers talks high up in their heads, like women, er kids. These men talks low in ther chests, like us. Listen."

"Hello the camp!" hailed some one from below.

"Hello below. Who are you?" roared the foreman in return.

"From the X bar X ranch. Ther's more of us comin. How d'yer get up that, anyhow?"

"Wait er minute," called the foreman. While the conversation was going on Lee had laid down his rifle and had been hurriedly gathering the resinous branches of the greasewood shrub that grew about us thickly, and binding them together with a rawhide thong. Lighting the bundle at the fire, he ran back and threw it over the edge of the cliff. Fanned by the draft made by its fall, the resinous wood blazed like a firework of some kind. The horses of the party below shied and capered as the glare struck their eyes, and there was some swearing among their riders. The light showed half a score of lean, sunburned men, heavily armed and well mounted. Their leader, an elderly man on a silver trimmed saddle, was at once recognized as an old acquaintance by the foreman.

"Glad t' see yer, Hayward," called he. "Turn t' yer left, thar, an you'll find a trail what'll bring yer safe up. Sorry ter see that flare down, but we had ter be sure you was friends. Come up." Filing over the rough path that zigzagged up the cliff, the ranchers reached the tableland.

"Mighty glad you all's come—didn't expec' you so soon," said the foreman, shaking hands with Hayward. "How'd yer leave the cattle down your way?"

"There aren't any cattle down our way—not so much as a calf left," was the response. "This raid is the biggest thing I ever knew. It has wiped out every brand on the river anywhere along here. The boys are all up. We're the first, but the rest are coming, all that can. Seven of our men will never stir again."

"Gone out?" asked the foreman.

"Yes; shot by the thieves. I met that boy you sent after us about half an hour ago. He didn't know what to make of us any more than you did, and one of the boys who rode out to see who he was nearly got shot for his pains. We made him understand after awhile that we weren't rustlers, and then he gave us your message."

"Why didn't he come back with you?" I asked.

"Don't know I told him he might as well, for we were all up and coming, but he asked us to tell you that he'd return shortly, and then he struck over the desert, going south. I don't know where he was bound for."

Spider's absence troubled me a good deal, but the foreman and the Ballet Girl took it very calmly indeed. There wasn't any one who could hurt him, said they, except possibly the three men that we had seen that morning, and it was not at all likely that he would meet them.

The strangers unsaddled their horses and picketed them, then rolled them-

"There!" he exclaimed. "I thought I wasn't never gonter get back."

selves in their blankets and went to sleep. Most of our men followed their example. Assisted by Lee and the foreman the Ballet Girl was breaking provisions and utensils out of the cook wagon and arranging them in packs ready to place on the horses. The wagon was to be left where it was for the time. We could not take it with us. It would never have been able to keep up.

From time to time men came straggling in in knots of four or five or sometimes more. None of them had seen Spider. I asked them all.

The night was wearing on. The moon rose, showing the forms of the sleeping men and making the glow of our dying fire seem redder than ever in contrast to the silver light. The Ballet Girl had nearly finished his preparations, and the camp became more and more silent.

One after another our scouts returned, each one reporting that he had seen the trails of not one, but several herds of cattle, all of them heading in one direction with the evident purpose of meeting at some point farther on. They were bound eastward, too, and not toward the south, where lay the Mexican line, as we expected they would. I feared that this change of direction might have some dangerous significance, and, as usual, asked the foreman about it.

"So fur as sellin the cattle goes, ther wasn't no use in cuttin across the line right here," said he. "They'd 'a' had ter pull down ter Palomas anyhow—Palomas is the neares' town in ol' Mexico—an the way they're goin is the shortes' way. It means they think they're strong enough to hol' us back if we meet up with 'em; that's all. But I don't reckon they think we'll meet up with 'em. I'm a-gonter turn in. Wonder where that kid has got ter?"

"There he comes now," replied the cook. "Where on top er the worl' do you reckon he got them horses? An—an, say, what in blazes is that thing what he's got on his saddle in front of him? I been a lookin at him fer five minutes, but I can't make it out."

"Looks like he'd cut a man in two an was bringin half of him home," observed Lee. It did look something like that. Spider was cantering toward us, leading three horses by their neck ropes. Astride of his saddle there hung an object that seemed to be a pair of short, knobby legs, terminating in a pair of large boots that banged the horse's withers at every step. From the tops of the legs something was sticking out.

"Them's his chaps—the kid's chaps," said Lee. "He's stopped up the bottoms er the legs with them boots, held in by the foot straps, an he's got 'em stuffed full er sunthin. Them things what's stickin out are rifles."

As he caught sight of us Spider waved his hand and forced his horse to a faster gait, which made the legs kick wildly.

"There!" he exclaimed as he rode up to the cook wagon. "I thought I wasn't never gonter get back. Them horses, they held back all the way. Couldn't tie 'em to the horn 'cause the line pinched my leg, so I had ter lead 'em. They most pulled my arms out by the roots." He dismounted while speaking and with great deliberation proceeded to tie the horses to a wheel of the cook wagon. Then I saw that, besides the boots which decorated the bottoms of his chaps, Spider had tied three other pairs to the back of his saddle.

Some of the men who had not been asleep or who were waked by the stir left their blankets and gathered about us.

"What's that you got in your chaps there, kid, an where'd you get them boots?" inquired Lee. pider answered never a word. Going to his horse, he unslung with some difficulty the chaps that hung over the saddle. First he pulled forth four rifles that stuck out and laid them carefully on the ground. Then, taking the boots in his hands, he turned the chaps upside down. Four pistols tumbled out of the one leg. From the other there came three pistols and a knife.

"Say, where'd you get them guns an boots an things?" queried the Ballet Girl impatiently. "Answer when your spoke to, can't you? Quick, now, else ther'll be a kid somew'ers roun here what gets a lickin. What you been a-doin, eh?"

Spider arranged the pistols and knife in an orderly row beside the rifles, then got the boots and added them to the collection.

"Them things," he said, looking around at his auditors with a triumphant grin—"them things belongs—that is, they did belong—to Hollis an that greaser what was cavortin roun here yestiddy an to two other men what I don' know. They're my prisoners, all of 'em, an they're back here a ways on the desert now waitin for some one ter come fer 'em."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (old)	72
Hay, per ton	10 00 to 12 00
Straw, per ton	5 00
Corn	45–48
Oats	28–30
Clover Seed	4 00–4 25
Timothy Seed	1 25 to 1 30
Rye, per bu	$ 40–50
Barley	40–48
Flax seed	1 50
Wool (unwashed, fine)	14–15½
Wool (unwashed, medium)	20–21
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	35
Beets, per bushel	50
Apples	1 00–1 50
Cabbage, per pound	03
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
White beans	2 00
Onions	1 00
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	10–12
Eggs	10
Chickens, live, per pound	07
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	10
Turkeys, dressed	12
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	07
Lard	07
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	12
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	90
Middlings per 100 lbs	90

TODAY'S MARKETS

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. E. Drake's exchange:

BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve increased	$ 1,222,500
Loans increased	743,300
Specie increased	1,130,400
Legals increased	427,600
Deposits increased	1,874,000
Circulation increased	308,900

NEW YORK.

	Opening	High.	Low.	Close
American Sugar	109¼	112	109	111⅜
American Tobacco	90	90¾	89⅜	89¾
Atchison (Pfd.)	26¼	26⅜	26¼	26⅜
C. B. & Q.	128½	128⅝	128½	128⅝
Federal Steel	37¼	37⅜	36¾	37
U. S. Leather (pfd)	68¼	68½	68⅛	68⅛
Manhattan	91½	91½	90⅞	91
Missouri Pacific	57½	57¾	57	57
Louisville & Nashville	80¾	81⅜	80⅞	81
Northern Pacific (pfd)	74½	74¾	74½	74¾

CHICAGO.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Close
Wheat.				
May	65⅞	66¼	65¾	65¾
July	67¼	67½	67	67
Corn.				
May	37¾	37¾	37⅜	37⅜
July	38¼	38½	37⅞	38
Oats.				
May	22¾	22¾	22¼	22½
July	22¾	22¼	22¼	22¼
Pork				
July	11 77	11 82	11 75	11 77
Lard				
July	7 02	7 02	7 00	7 02

CHICAGO, May 18.—[By Associated Press]—Cattle dull; steers, $5.00@$5.75; hogs lower, $5.05@5.42½.

TOLEDO, May 17.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 74½

"DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the finest pills I ever used."—D. J. Moore, Millbrook, Ala. They quickly cure all liver and bowel troubles. Rider & Snyder; C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of Grain-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. Grain-O has that rich seal brown of Mocho or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

W. S. Musser, Millheim, Pa., saved the life of his little girl by giving her One Minute Cough Cure when she was dying from croup. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grippe, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

Nine chances in ten it's your kidneys that need attention if you don't feel well. Foley's Kidney Cure makes healthy kidneys and will make you well. Rider & Snyder.

Chippewa Lake.

Picnic and pleasure resort on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. will be open for special parties on and after May 30th, 1900. Ask agents C., L. & W. for rates

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Chas. W. Cupples, 139, W. Tremont Street.
Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main Street.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, June 16, 1900, for furnishing the material and performing the labor required in the erection and completion of a two-story, four-roomed, brick school building in the town of West Brookfield, O., in accordance with plans, drawings and specifications on file at the office of H. C. Baer, Massillon, O

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

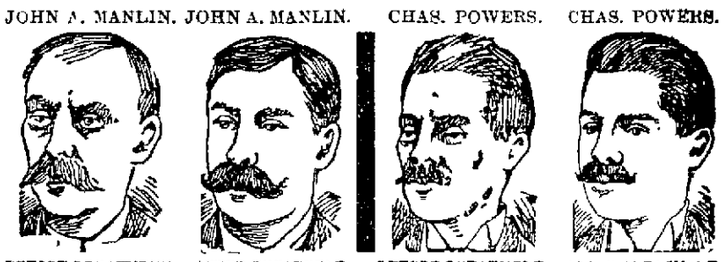
STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

☞ CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU? Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition - lifeless; memory poor, easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face, dreams and night losses; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains, hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicocele; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength — WE CAN CURE YOU!

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRS. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN. JOHN A. MANLIN. CHAS. POWERS. CHAS. POWERS.



BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT. BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.

NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED.

John A. Manlin says:—"I was one of the countless victims of early ignorance commenced at 15 years of age. I tried seven medical firms and spent $900 without avail. I gave up in despair. The drains on my system were weakening my intellect as well as my sexual and physical life. My brother advised me as a last resort to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. I commenced their New Method Treatment and in a few weeks was a new man, with new life and ambition. This was four years ago, and now I am married and happy. I recommend these reliable specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen."

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.— CONFIDENTAL.

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a "gay life" and exposure to blood diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

Syphilis, Emissions Varicocele, Cured.

☞ *We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.*

17 YEARS IN OHIO, 200,000 CURED. NO RISK

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your Blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge Charges reasonable. BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of Men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed.

☞ NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medicine sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 143 EUCLID AVE. CLEVELAND, O.

HUMBERGERS'

Another Big Bargain in

RUGS

100 of them, size 54x27 worth $1.75 for $1.39

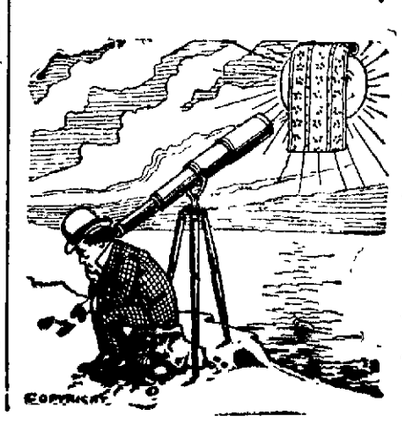
2 cases of FINE GINGHAMS worth 12½c to 15c, are marked 10c.

50 pieces DIMITY, 10c quality are marked 8 cts. These are extra values.

An exceptionally fine line of Ladies' Shirt Waists are shown this week.

HUMBERGERS'

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.



YOU MUST LOOK

before you can see our NEW WALL PAPER Patterns. The ideas are as bright as a summer morning, and suited to every kind of room and style of furniture.

THERE'S NOTHING PRETTIER

on paper than these designs, of which we show an endless variety.

BAHNEY'S WALL PAPER STORE,

20 East Main Street, Massillon

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

William M. Eberly has been granted a pension of $12.

Louis Hinderer has arrived from Los Angeles, Cal., where he spent the winter.

The teamsters of Akron have organized a union, with a membership of nearly one hundred.

Mrs. D. W. Gans and son have returned from a several weeks' visit with relatives in Ashland.

Miss Emma Hemperly left Saturday for Allegheny, Pa., where she will visit her sister, Mrs. W. A. McRoberts.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Lantzer, of New Berlin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Wagoner, in Water street.

Mrs. Joseph Fals, of Park street, has been called to Newman by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. James Gainey.

Sandusky county farmers have planted five thousand acres to sugar beets, to supply the beet sugar factory at Fremont.

Miss Helen Siebold is spending her vacation at her home in this city. Miss Siebold is a student in Ursuline College, at Cleveland.

Funeral services for Mrs. Frank Fischer were held at St. Paul's church Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the Rev. L. H. Burry officiating.

James Moore, of Youngstown, who had both legs amputated by a train on the Erie railroad, was awarded a verdict for $18,333.33 in the United States court on Thursday. Moore was an employe of the road.

G. F Breckel, formerly a member of the firm of Albright & Breckel, has accepted a position in the new grocery, which H. A. Bowers expects to open in his new West Main street building on next Saturday.

Peter Musser, who resides near Dalton, was a Massillon visitor Friday afternoon. Mr. Musser is 91 years old, and he says that not in his recollection is there a May 16 which was as hot as that day this month.

Authorities say that if Friday night had been clear, the frost which Ephraim Wilson predicted for the night before would surely have been here. Everybody suffered discomfort from the unexpected cold weather.

Henry Giese, very much the worse for wear, arrived from the Brush college neighborhood last night. "I went to sleep in a hay-mow," said he. "When I woke up my head was out and my ankle was twisted. I had fallen out."

In the post mortem examination held over the body of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Gaddis by Drs. Maurice Smith, T. Clarke Miller and D. W. Gans, on Friday afternoon, death was found to have been caused by a thrombosis, or clogging of several small vessels leading to the intestines.

Miss Ruth Davis has resigned her position as stenographer in the office of Spidle & Rubright, and on Monday will go to Canal Dover to accept a similar situation with the American Steel Company. Miss Swigart, of Canal Fulton, will succeed her in the office of Spidle & Rubright.

E. G. Willison received a telegram on Saturday afternoon from James M. Bayliss, who recently went to Washington to take an examination in the qualifications necessary for a position in the United States census department, stating that he had passed the examination successfully on Friday.

Considerable damage to fruit is reported in the northeast portion of the state by the weather bureau's climate and crop report for the week ending May 14. Rains have been beneficial; corn planting general; potatoes and gardens promising; oats, pastures and grass fields growing slowly; good wheat growing well, but good fields rare; fly working in central counties; tobacco plants promising.

Harry Shanabrook, of this city, and Miss Daisy Bowman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bowman, who live west of town, were married at 8:30 Thursday evening by the Rev. J. F. Clokey at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Mergell, in South Erie street. Mr. and Mrs. Shanabrook will go to housekeeping in a residence in Green street. Mr. Shanabrook is a hostler at the Wheeling & Lake Erie yards.

Superintendent Southworth, of the Fairmount Children's home, on Thursday took Jesse Barcus, the 15-year-old boy who says he was bitten by the mad dog which visited the home in January, to Chicago, where he will receive treatment at the Pasteur institute. When the horse which was killed on Monday was taken with rabies, the boy became greatly excited, and although his health has been excellent it was deemed best to put him under special treatment.

Copies of the new C., L. & W. time schedule, which goes into effect on next Sunday morning, were received in the city today. One important change is the annulling of an early morning train to Uhrichsville. The train, under the new schedule, will start from Uhrichsville and run to Bridgeport, except on Sunday mornings, when a special southbound train will leave the Massillon station at 6:25. The other trains will leave the Massillon station as follows: South bound—No 17, Sunday only, 8:26 p m.; No. 5, daily except Sunday, 7:50 p. m.; No. 3, daily except Sunday, 3:50 p. m.; No. 1, daily, 9:50 a. m. North bound—No. 2, daily, 7:15 a. m.; No. 4, daily except Sunday, 9:50 a. m.; No. 6, daily, 3:30 p. m.; No. 8, daily, 7:50 p. m.

When Policeman Getz arrested Mrs. Anna O'Connor, of Canton, at 7 o'clock Friday evening, she was reeling with intoxication, and loudly announcing "that we'll all get stone-blind drunk." Arraigned before Mayor Wise Saturday morning, she told of the fine family she had raised and said that it was the first time she had ever been under arrest. The mayor remembered, however, of having released the same woman upon the same story, a few months ago, and he fined her the costs and sentenced her to thirty days in the workhouse. Mrs. O'Connor attended an afternoon tea given by Mrs. Ella Jones, in Patagonia, Friday, in proof whereof she carried a deep cut on her face. It was the result of an insinuation being seen in her remark "that there were a few good Joneses, and a great bunch of bad ones."

OBITUARY NOTICES.

MRS. ELIZABETH GADDIS.

The death of Mrs. Elizabeth Gaddis, wife of Frank F. Gaddis, occurred at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, at the Gaddis residence, 30 South Waechter street. Mrs. Gaddis has been ill for the past year, and catarrh of the stomach is thought to have been the cause of death. A post mortem examination will be conducted over the remains this afternoon by Drs. T. C. Miller, E. J. Miller, D. W. Gans and Maurice Smith. Mrs. Gaddis was 57 years of age, and is survived by a husband and one child, Mrs. Villa Farrell, of Marion. Mrs. Farrell arrived in the city this morning. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

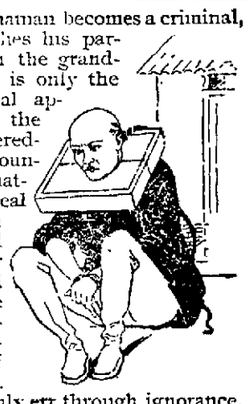
NORTH LAWRENCE, May 18.—William Williams died yesterday evening of old age. He was 81 years old, had been a miner, and had lived in the Massillon district for a great many years. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

W. & L. E. NOT FOR SALE.

President Blickensderfer Denies the Stories in Circulation.

All questions as to the future of the W. & L. E. railroad were settled yesterday by a statement made by President Robert Blickensderfer of that property. Recently stories have been circulated quite freely that the Wheeling would either fall into hands of the Wabash or the B. & O. in a short time. In reply to these statements the following was given out by Mr. Blickensderfer. "All of the talk that has been going about the Wheeling & Lake Erie being sold to some other road is absolutely without foundation. The men who are now in control of this road have no intention of selling out to any other road, or to any other parties. Neither have they any intention of extending the operations of this road into the territory of any other property. We are satisfied to stay where we are, and intend to keep other roads at a distance also. Any statement, therefore, emanating from any quarter whatever that has to do with the Wheeling being absorbed by any other road is a pure fabrication."—Cleveland Leader.

When a Chinaman becomes a criminal, the law punishes his parents and even the grandparents. This is only the extreme logical application of the doctrine of heredity. In this country, we leave natural law to deal with its own offenses, and many a mother is punished through the physical weakness and peevish temper of puny offspring.



Women mainly err through ignorance. They enter the marriage state already disordered by irregularity of the periods. The delicate and sensitive organs, peculiarly feminine, are in no condition for the shock which is consequent on the great change. Drains that are offensive and debilitating are set up, inflammation and ulceration with female trouble are added in time, and when motherhood comes the strength of body is inadequate, and the condition of mind unfit, for the responsibility. The natural result is a child that is unhealthy and unhappy.

Happy wifehood, healthy motherhood, beautiful children, all follow the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It stops the drains, allays inflammation, heals ulceration, cures female trouble, soothes the nerves, and puts the delicate female organs in a condition of perfect health.

Mrs. Annie Blacker, of 629 Catharine Street, Syracuse, N. Y. writes: "Your medicines have done wonders for me For years my health was very poor; I had four miscarriages, but since taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Favorite Prescription,' I have much better health, and now I have a fine, healthy baby. I have recommended your medicines to several of my friends and they have been benefited by them."

Women find valuable help in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Sent free on receipt of stamps to pay cost of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper binding, or 31 stamps for cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I had stomach trouble twenty years and gave up hope of being cured till I began to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has done me so much good I call it the savior of my life," writes W. R. Wilkinson, Albany, Tenn. It digests what you eat. Bider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

Pneumonia follows lagrippe, but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, the great throat and lung remedy. Rider & Snyder.

J. Q. Hood, Justice of the Peace, Crosby, Miss., makes the following statement: "I can certify that One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it. My wife could not get her breath and the first dose of it relieved her. It has also benefited my whole family." It acts immediately and cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

Unable to Work.

Charles Replogle, of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble. After using Foley's Kidney Cure four days he was entirely well. Rider & Snyder.

MAY CENSURE M'CABE.

M. E. Conference to Consider His Recent Act.

THE BISHOP TO BE SUMMONED.

Recent Satirical Resolutions Referring to Outside Work of Bishops the Cause. Committee Decided Against Removing Bar From Certain Amusements.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The Methodist Episcopal general conference took three more ballots for two additional bishops, but without result. Dr. Henry Spellmyer, of Newark, N. J., and Dr. J. F. Berry, of Chicago, editor of The Epworth Herald, are now, however, far ahead in the voting, and, though many believe it may require several more ballots to elect, friends of the two leading candidates are confident that they will be successful.

A feature of the balloting was the withdrawal of the names of Drs. W. V. Kelly and J. W. E. Bowen, the latter the colored candidate.

The conference voted to send two more missionary bishops to Southern Asia, with the recommendation that when two or more missionary bishops are assigned to a given territory they shall be co-ordinate in authority

A much disputed question—the removal of the time limit on pastorates—also came up for discussion, debate being unfinished when the convention adjourned.

THE M. E. BAN STANDS.

Conference Committee Decided Not to Alter Attitude of Church Toward Certain Amusements.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The Methodist church will not, if the report of the committee is accepted, alter its position toward playing cards, dancing and certain other amusements.

By a vote of 49 to 24 the committee on the state of the church decided to recommend that the section of prohibited amusements be taken out and that a new section be inserted in the chapter on advices. The paragraph to be inserted is as follows:

Our church has from the beginning of its history insisted that dancing, playing at games of chance, attending theaters, horse races, circuses, dancing parties or patronizing dancing schools and other amusements which can not be used in the name of the Lord Jesus are perilous to the spiritual life and influence of the members of our church and enervating to the spiritual power of the church in the great work of saving souls. The tendency in social circles toward dangerous amusements was never stronger than it is at the present time, and therefore we deem it wise to reaffirm our historic attitude upon this subject and urge our people to abstain from and bear their unwavering testimony against all amusements and diversions which endanger Christian life and repress the spiritual power of the church. This advice must not be interpreted as the waiving of the church's right to call to account any member who continues to indulge in these diversions which cannot be used in the name of the Lord Jesus.

SPELLMYER AND BERRY.

Likely to Be Elected Bishops by the M. E. Conference—Keely and Bowen Withdrawn.

ST. LOUIS, May 19.—Bishop McCabe, who occasioned considerable surprise several days ago by preparing and giving out for publication a set of satirical resolutions referring to the outside work performed by the bishops, may be censured by the conference for his action. Chairman J. M. Buckley declared that the committee on episcopacy would investigate Bishop McCabe's action and report to the general conference.

He laid the case before the sub-committee on the administration of the bishops, together with a copy of the resolutions that have caused all the trouble.

The sub-committee considered the matter at a secret meeting and decided to follow the advice of Dr. Buckley and make a thorough investigation. Bishop McCabe will, it is said, be summoned before the committee.

OBSERVANCE OF THE SABBATH DAY.

Considerable Portion of Presbyterian General Assembly Session Devoted to This Subject.

ST. LOUIS, May 19.—A very considerable part of the session of the Presbyterian general assembly was spent in considering the report of the special committee on Sabbath observance. During the discussion high praise was accorded to President McKinley and Secretary Hay for the instructions sent to Commissioner Peck, of the Paris exhibition, and to Ambassador Porter, at Paris, touching the closing of the United States pavilion and offices at the exposition on the Sabbath.

The report strongly urges that Presbyterians throughout the land should abstain from numerous forms of Sunday desecrations now being more or less indulged in and make the request that railroad companies should reduce Sunday transportation to a minimum and that congress and state legislatures shall appropriate no more money for exhibitions without the proviso that such exhibits shall be closed on Sunday.

A separate resolution was adopted by a large vote requesting proprietors of St. Louis newspapers not to print the proceedings of the assembly in their Sunday editions.

A. M. E. General Conference.

COLUMBUS, O., May 19.—Bishop N. B. Statler presided over the A. M. E. conference. R. H. W. Leake, of North Carolina, was elected business manager. H. G. Johnston, of Philadelphia, was elected editor of The Christian Recorder, Philadelphia; H. T. Keating, editor of the A. M. E. Church Review, Philadelphia; J. R. Hawkins, of North Carolina, was elected secretary of education; P. A. Hubbard, of Colorado, financial secretary, and H. B. Parks, of New York, secretary of missions.

U. P. CHURCH CONFERENCE.

Eighteenth Quadrennial Session Opened With Devotional Services, at Atlantic City, N. J.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 19.—The eighteenth quadrennial session of the Methodist Protestant church conference of the United States opened in Christ church, this city. Dr. J. W. Herring, of Westminster, Md., presided. There are 140 delegates in attendance, but it is expected that later the number will be increased to 200.

The session was opened with devotional services and the reading of the annual address of the presiding officer, who stated that the church had increased in numbers and that the prosperous times were reflected in the liberal contributions that had been made in all departments of the church.

REEVES CONFESSED, EXPOSING NEELY.

Turned Over About $4,500 That Was Given Him to Perform Certain Service.

HAVANA, May 19.—W. H. Reeves, deputy auditor of the island, made a confession and gave up $4,500 given to him by C. F. W. Neely, the arrested financial agent of posts at Havana, to perform certain services the day he left. General Wood and the postal inspectors refuse to disclose the nature of the confession, barely admitting that the confession had been made.

It is claimed that $1,400 more will be recovered.

General Wood says that the report from Muncie, Ind., that nearly $2,000,000 worth of stamps have been printed here and sent for distribution to Cuban postoffices can be regarded as a canard. There is nothing here to show that any such counterfeit stamps have been sent. It is believed now that the whole story is known, and that the amount of the defalcations will fall between $100,000 and $125,000.

Those who know the situation best say that the confession of Reeves was the only link required in the chain of evidence, although the principal statements he has made will require investigation before they can be acted upon, as it is generally believed that his accusation is of such startling character as to render it unwise to proceed before being absolutely certain of other evidence to corroborate it.

THOUSANDS PERISHED.

Fearful Ravages of Cholera In the Famine Camps, In India.

LONDON, May 19.—A special dispatch from Hyderabad, noting the rapid spread of cholera, said;

"In one division no fewer than 45 famine camps have been attacked by the pestilence. The most virulent type is at Gujerat, where many thousands have perished. In the Godhra camp alone there have been thousands of victims. An appalling loss of life seems inevitable."

AMALGAMATED FOR PATE.

Want to Get Youngstown Man on Industrial Commission.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 19.—The members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers will make a strong fight for the vacancy on the United States industrial commission made vacant by the resignation of M. D. Ratchford, who was appointed mine inspector by Governor Nash, of Ohio.

This has been decided upon, and George Pate, a puddler in one of the mills at Youngstown, is the man who will be put to the front for the position.

POWERFUL EXPLOSIVE BLEW UP.

Boy Rumored Killed—Damage Done to Buildings, at Kane, Pa.

FRANKLIN, Pa., May 19.—Three nitroglycerin magazines located near Kane, Pa., exploded with such force that windows were broken and houses wrecked on their foundations in that place. The explosion was caused, it was rumored, in some manner by a boy who was working around the magazine, who was killed, but this could not be verified.

Towne Was in Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 19.—Hon. Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, accompanied by General E. T. Corser, also of Minnesota, treasurer of the national committee of silver Republicans, was in Toledo to keep an engagement made some time ago with prominent Silver Republicans of the state. The conference was called for the purpose of deciding what action should be taken by the Silver Republicans with regard to sending a delegation from Ohio to the national convention.

Attempt to Cremate a Child.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—An attempt to murder a new born baby by wrapping it in oil soaked paper and setting fire to the latter, was prevented by the prompt action of a boarder in the house, 905 South street, who heard faint cries from an outhouse. He quickly extinguished the blaze and took the little one to a hospital. It will probably recover. The police are searching for the mother.

B. & O. Brakeman Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The locomotive of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad Royal Blue express train was wrecked at Jenkintown, Pa., on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, which tracks the Baltimore and Ohio uses between here and Bound Brook, N. J., killing Fireman Charles Robinson.

M. P. Missionary Society.

MUNCIE, Ind., May 19.—The executive board of the Foreign Missionary society, of the Methodist Protestant church, in annual session, elected as president Mrs. F. A. Brown, of Urichsville, O.; treasurer, Mrs. J. D. Anderson, of Pittsburg. Other officers were also elected.

Asked New Trial For Lutz.

WILKESBARRE, May 19. — Because they think Juror Koonz, who held out for 16 days on the Lutz murder case, was coerced into giving a first degree verdict, the attorneys for Lutz made application for a new trial.

A RUN FOR LIFE!

KIDNEY DISEASES ARE LIKE WOLVES THAT PREY UPON THE HUMAN SYSTEM.

THERE IS BUT ONE SURE CURE FOR KIDNEY TROUBLES

KID-NE-OIDS

If your Kidneys are not just right, look out, there is danger and death to follow. Serious troubles may seem very far off at present but they will soon overwhelm you unless you stop their progress.

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are a scientific discovery for the cure of all diseases arising from disordered Kidneys, Poor Nerves and Thin, Watery and Impoverished Blood. They are an unfailing Kidney tonic, nerve restorer and blood builder.

Kid-ne-oids are yellow tablets and are never sold in less quantities than a box at 50c.

Morrow's Liverlax cures constipation, biliousness and costiveness. Sells for 25c. a box at drug stores.

Kid-ne-oids and Liverlax are manufactured by John Morrow & Co. Chemists, Springfield, Ohio

Mrs. Lena Sturgis, 54 West Main street, Massillon, O., says: "I suffered with kidney backache for nearly two years previous to using Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. I concluded to give them a trial so secured a package which was sufficient to convince me of their curative properties. I have not had the least symptom of backache since using them."

At all drug stores and F. E. Seaman's.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

WANTED.

BOY about 15 years old for office boy. Good opportunity for advancement. Address "M" Independent office, city.

BOY—A reliable boy to work on a farm. Inquire at 117 South Mill street.

COOK at the Hotel Massillon.

GIRL—Good girl for general house work. One competent to take entire charge of house. Apply to Mrs D. S. Gardner, 118 E. Cherry street.

GIRL—Girl for general house work. Inquire 60 Summitt St.

GIRL—Good, reliable girl for general housework. Apply at 31 High street.

HOUSEKEEPER—To take care of three children, ages 6 to 10; an elderly lady preferred. Address "G," care Independent Company.

MOULDERS—A few moulders to work on bench, floor and machines at the Canton Malleable Iron Works, Canton, O.

ROOMS—Three or four rooms for light housekeeping by man and wife with no children, Erie street prefered. Address "H" care Independent.

FOR RENT.

FIVE roomed house on Center street, between Main and North street, first house north of engine house; city and cistern water. Inquire of Jno B. Snyder, 211 North street, Massillon.

MUSIC HALL—Possession given June 1st James R. Dunn over 50 S. Erie St.

OFFICE ROOM—In Henrich Bld., 36 E. Main street Inquire Geo. W. Henrich.

STOREROOM in the Beatty block, in East Main street, formerly occupied by the Milleronian. Inquire of H. T. Beatty, agent.

TEN roomed house, No 218 E. Main St., with all modern conveniences. Possession given immediately. Inquire of Louis Geis or at Schuckers' drug store.

TEN roomed house, 37 W. Main street. Inquire on premises.

THE WEST HALF of Mrs. Reilley's house corner Oak and Hill street; $10.00 per month. Inquire at 85 South Hill street,

TWO ROOMS suitable for dress maker, above Dr. Dimon's office, No. 70 E. Main street. Inquire at Diehlenn's clothing store

LOST

PIN—An American Mechanics Senior Order pin. Finder please leave at this office and receive reward.

TEN DOLLAR bill on Friday. Finder please leave at this office and receive reward.

FOR SALE OR RENT

HOUSE—The Rev. N. P. Bailey's house, 179 North street, corner of High street. All modern conveniences. Inquire of W. E. N. Hemperly, agent.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD PROPERTY for any one desiring a suburban home with large lot and fruit. Inquire at this office.

BABY JUMPER as good as new. Call at 133 E. Oak street or at the office of The Massillon Loan and Building Co.

FARM—The Dunbar farm containing 96 acres, situate 1½ miles south of Massillon, O. Call on or address C. V. Hammersmith, 23 E. Main street.

FARM—The Ebret farm containing fifty acres, situate 2 miles northwest of Millport. Call on or address C. V. Hammersmith, 23 East Main street.

HORSES and buggies. Inquire of Wm. Wagner at Archer's carriage works.

HORSES and BUGGIES. Inquire of Wm. Bantz.

HOUSE—The Massillon Loan and Building Co have a house on Summit street for sale cheap. Easy payments. Call at the office of the Company, corner Erie and Charles streets. Chas. G. King, secretary.

HOUSE of seven rooms at 302 West Main street; city and cistern water; good location. Will sell cheap if sold soon, Inquire at premises Mrs. Martha Klein.

HOME HOTEL—Good location near Pennsylvania depot; thirty rooms newly fitted with steam heat, natural gas, light and fuel, and all modern improvements. Will sell cheap. Inquire C. V. Hammersmith.

LAND—Four acres; five roomed house; all necessary out-buildings and fruit of all kinds; 2½ miles from town. Cheap if sold soon. S. Burd.

LOT on South Erie street, cheap; also eight room house and nearly five acres of land 2½ miles east, on Inter-Urban line. $2,100; easy terms. Address C. A. Hackett, 214-216 Superior street, Cleveland, O.

MY RESIDENCE on East Main street, brick house on corner of Cherry and Cedar streets; lots on Cherry, High, Cedar and State streets. Inquire of Frank Crone.

PIANOS—Square pianos 1 Knabe, 1 Steiff 1 Hintz and Schraidt, all in good condition. Call at Bammerlin Bros., 57 E. Main.

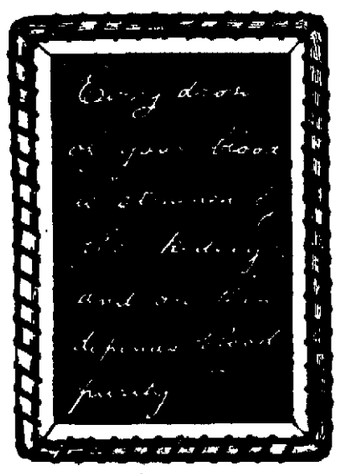
MISCELLANEOUS.

KID Gloves cleaned, 10 cents per pair, men's suits, overcoats and hats; ladies' organdies, silks, satins, ties, ribbon and portiers all cleaned by dry process; no shrinking, fading or ripping. Mrs. A. M. Grojean, 42 E. Main street. Phone 21.

VAULTS and Cess Pools emptied. Address Chas. Swarms, 36 Warwick street, or leave orders at Fetzer's blacksmith shop

MONEY.

MONEY TO LOAN—$5.00 and upwards on household goods, horses, wagons, carriages, watches, diamonds, jewelry or any chattle security; and allow the goods to remain in your undisturbed possession; loans made same day you apply. Business strictly confidential. Miller & Miller, room cor. Erie and Tremont streets, Loeffler block. Office hours 9 a. m. to 11:30 and 1 to 4:30 p. m. In Saturday and Monday evenings.



A Lesson in Health

WHATEVER the apparent cause of your ill health, are you absolutely certain that the real, underlying cause isn't disorder in your kidneys? Nine chances in ten it's your kidneys that need attention, if the real root of your poor health is to be reached. Treating your stomach, your liver, your blood, your heart or your nerves, is to treat symptoms only. Treating your kidneys is to reach and remove the cause of disease.

If you neglect disorder in the kidneys you'll have diabetes, Bright's disease, gravel or other serious and usually fatal complaint.

Foley's Kidney Cure is absolutely guaranteed for all kidney disorder. You run no risk. Try it to-day.

SORE? BANNER SALVE will heal it.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

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